

MACSec Security Service FIPS Validation

Richard Wang

May 19, 2017

International Crypto Module Conference



Topics

- MACSec Overview
- MACSec Authentication Mechanisms
- MACSec with FIPS
- Draft IG A.5
- References
- Q&A



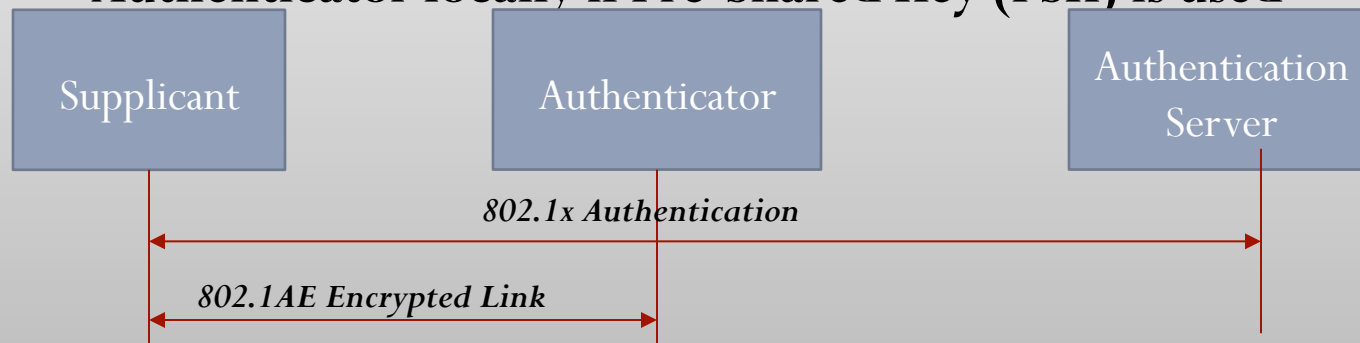
MACSec Overview

- **What is MACSec?**
 - **Media Access Control Security (aka MACSec) is the IEEE 802.1AE standard for authenticating and encrypting packets between two MACsec-capable devices.**
- **Why MACSec?**
 - **Layer 2 (not layer 3) data encryption (AES-128/256 GCM)**
 - **Integrity Check**
 - **Denial of service (DoS) attack isolation**
 - **Others**



MACSec Overview (Cont.)

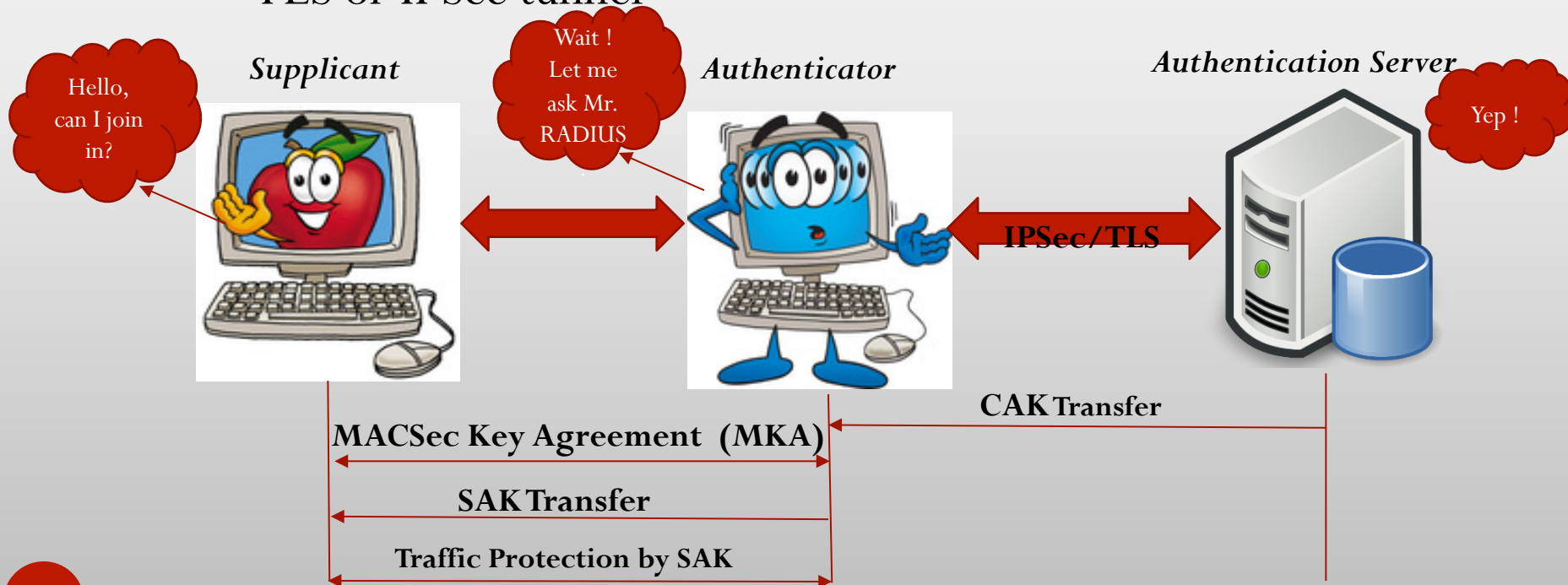
- **MACSec Components**
 - **Suppliant**
 - **Authenticator**
 - **Authentication Server**
 - **EAP Authentication Mode:** Authentication is done via the RADIUS Server if Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) is used
 - **PSK Authentication Mode:** Authentication is done in the Authenticator locally if Pre-Shared Key (PSK) is used





MACSec Authentication

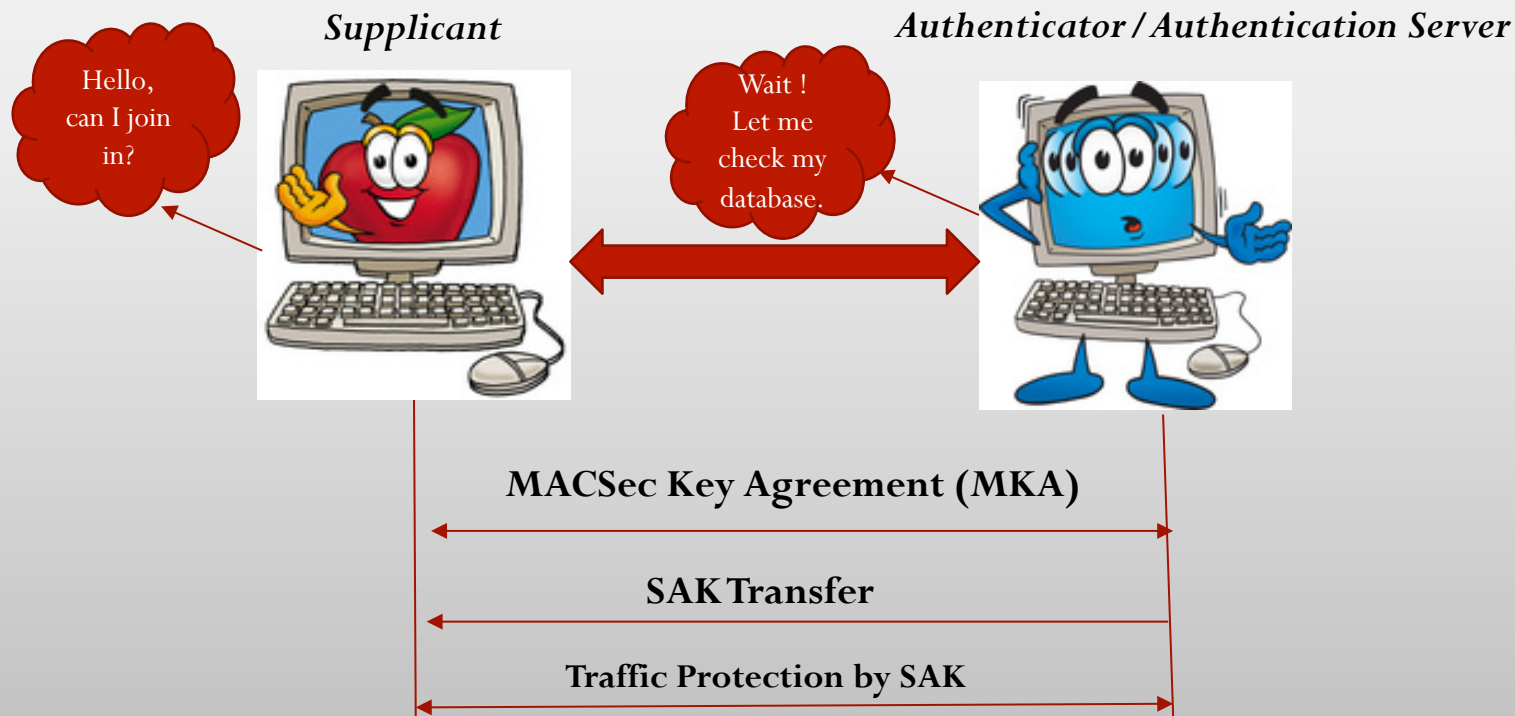
- Authentication using EAP method
 - EAP-TLS Authentication
 - RADIUS Server
 - TLS or IPSec tunnel



MACSec Authentication (Cont.)



- **Authentication using PSK method**
 - Pre-shared Key (PSK) Authentication
 - No RADIUS Server

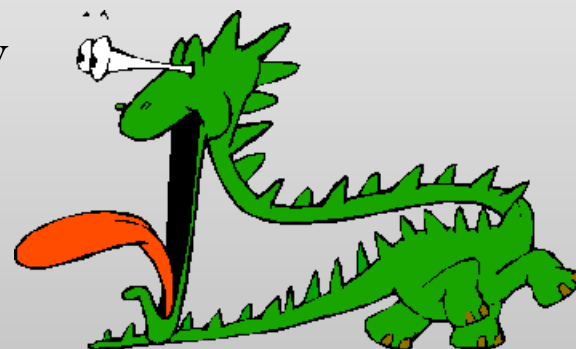


So is my MACSec Okay for FIPS?



- **MACSec Cryptographic Keys**
 - PSK – Pre-shared Key (in PSK Mode)
 - MSK - Master Session Key (in EAP Mode)
 - CAK - Connectivity Association Key
 - CKN - Connectivity Association Key Name (used to identifies the CAK).
 - KEK – Key encryption key
 - ICK - Integrity Check Key
 - SAK – MACSec Secure Association Key

So many keys!





MACSec for FIPS (Cont.)

- **MACSec Keys Establishment**
 - **PSK – Pre-shared Key (PSK Mode)**
 - Entered by Admin/Crypto Officer
 - **MSK – Master Session Key (EAP Mode)**
 - Derived from EAP session (802.1x-2010)
 - **CAK – Connectivity Association Key**
 - $CAK = KDF(\text{Key}, \text{Label}, \text{mac1} \mid \text{mac2}, \text{CAK length})$
 - Derived from MSK
 - IEEE 802.1x-2010, Section 6.2.2



MACSec for FIPS (Cont.)

- **MACSec Keys Establishment**
 - **CKN - Connectivity Association Key Name (used to identifies the CAK)**
 - $\text{CKN} = \text{KDF}(\text{Key}, \text{Label}, \text{ID} \mid \text{mac1} \mid \text{mac2}, \text{CKN length})$
 - Derived from MSK
 - KDF: SP800-108 KDF (NIST Approved)
 - IEEE 802.1x-2010, Section 6.2.2
 - **KEK – Key Encryption Key**
 - $\text{KEK} = \text{KDF}(\text{Key}, \text{Label}, \text{Keyid}, \text{KEK Length})$
 - Derived from CAK
 - KDF: SP800-108 KDF (NIST Approved)
 - IEEE 802.1x-2010, Section 9.3.3



MACSec for FIPS (Cont.)

- **MACSec Keys Establishment**
 - **ICK – Integrity Check Key**
 - $ICK = KDF(Key, Label, Keyid, ICKLength)$
 - Derived from CAK
 - KDF: SP800-108 KDF (NIST Approved)
 - IEEE 802.1x-2010, Section 9.3.3
 - **SAK – MACSec Secure Association Key**
 - SAK Establishment
 - ❖ Option 1: Generated by the Authenticator (SP800-133 Key Generation)
 - ❖ Option 2: Derived from CAK
 - ❖ IEEE 802.1x-2010, Section 9.8.1



MACSec for FIPS (Cont.)

- **SAK Key Transfer**
 - **FIPS Approved Key Transport Method**
 - RSA-based key transport scheme, as specified in SP 800-56B.
 - Approved key wrapping algorithms are specified in SP 800-38F.
 - **FIPS Approved Key Transport Method (before Dec. 31, 2017):**
 - Any key encapsulation scheme employing an RSA-based key methodology that uses an RSA modulus that is at least 2048 bits long.
 - A key wrapping using any approved mode of AES or three-key Triple-DES

Draft A.5 Requirements for MACSec



- **Still in Draft since last modified (5/13/2016)**
- **EAP Mode**
 - IPSec/TLS secure tunnel in MACSec deployment
 - IV generation method in IPSec/TLS meets the A.5 requirements.
- **PSK Mode**
 - PSK can be used as CAK
 - PSK shall not be directly used as SAK
- **IV Generation requirement in MACSec???**
- **SP800-108 KDF**
- **Check the lab for the A.5 update status.**



References

- IEEE 802.1x-2010
- SP800-38D
- SP800-108 KDF
- FIPS Implementation Guidance (IG)/A.5
- Identity-Based Networking Services: MAC Security (
http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/collateral/ios-nx-os-software/identity-based-networking-services/deploy_guide_c17-663760.pdf)
- Introduction to WAN MACsec and Encryption Positioning (
<https://clnv.s3.amazonaws.com/2015/usa/pdf/BRKRST-2309.pdf>)
- Understanding Media Access Control Security (MACsec) (
https://www.juniper.net/documentation/en_US/junos13.2/topics/concept/macsec.html)



Questions and Answer





Contact Information

- Richard Wang – FIPS 140-2 Lab Manager
 - RichardWang@gossamersec.com
- Ed Morris – FIPS 140-2 Lab Director
 - EdMorris@gossamersec.com